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APPLICATION NO.	APPLICATION NO. FILING DATE		FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.		
10/047,065	10/047,065 01/15/2002		Yoshifuru Saito	34299	5335		
116	7590	06/08/2006		EXAMINER			
PEARNE (			COUGHLAN, PETER D				
SUITE 120		EE1	ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER			
CLEVELA	ND, OH	44114-3108	2129				

DATE MAILED: 06/08/2006

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		Application	n No.	Applicant(s)					
		10/047,06	5	SAITO ET AL.					
	Office Action Summary	Examiner		Art Unit					
		Peter Coug	ghlan	2129					
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this communica r Reply	ation appears on the	cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address					
WHIC - Exter - after - If NO - Failu Any r	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR HEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAI sions of time may be available under the provisions of SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this commun period for reply is specified above, the maximum statute to reply within the set or extended period for reply will eply received by the Office later than three months after the patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ILING DATE OF TH 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no eve lication. tory period will apply and wil II, by statute, cause the appli	IS COMMUNICATION nt, however, may a reply be tim I expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cation to become ABANDONEI	l. ely filed the mailing date of this communication. 0 (35 U.S.C. § 133).					
Status									
1)🖂	Responsive to communication(s) filed	on <u>15 January 2002</u>	<u>2</u> .						
2a) <u></u> □	This action is <b>FINAL</b> . 2b)⊠ This action is non-final.								
3) 🗌	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is								
	closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.								
Dispositi	on of Claims								
4) 🖂	Claim(s) 1-9 is/are pending in the appl	lication.							
,—	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.								
5)	Claim(s) is/are allowed.								
•	Claim(s) <u>1-9</u> is/are rejected.								
•	Claim(s) is/are objected to.								
8)∐	Claim(s) are subject to restriction	on and/or election re	equirement.						
Applicati	on Papers			•					
9) 🗌	The specification is objected to by the	Examiner.							
10)⊠ The drawing(s) filed on <u>15 January 2002</u> is/are: a)⊠ accepted or b)□ objected to by the Examiner.									
	Applicant may not request that any objecti								
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).									
11)	The oath or declaration is objected to b	by the Examiner. No	ite the attached Office	Action or form PTO-152.					
Priority (	ınder 35 U.S.C. § 119								
12)⊠ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a)□ All b)⊠ Some * c)□ None of:									
	1.⊠ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.								
	2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No								
	3. Copies of the certified copies of			ed in this National Stage					
	application from the Internationa	•		ـ					
* 8	See the attached detailed Office action	for a list of the certi	nea copies not receive	a.	٠				
Attachmen	tie)								
	e of References Cited (PTO-892)		4) Interview Summary						
2) Notic	e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTG		Paper No(s)/Mail Da	ate atent Application (PTO-152)					
	nation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or P <sup>*</sup> r No(s)/Mail Date <u>9/30/02</u> .	10/36/06)	6) Other:						

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### **Detailed Action**

1. Claims 1-9 are pending in this application.

## 35 USC § 101

2. 35 U.S.C. 101 reads as follows:

Whoever invents or discovers any new and useful process, machine, manufacture, or composition of matter, or any new and useful improvement thereof, may obtain a patent therefor, subject to the conditions and requirements of this title.

Claims 1-9 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 101 for nonstatutory subject matter. The computer system must set forth a practical application of that § 101 judicial exception to produce a real-world result. Benson, 409 U.S. at 71-72, 175 USPQ at 676-77. The invention is ineligible because it has not been limited to a substantial practical application. The invention states its purpose is a market trend analyzer but what is the domain of the 'market' and what parameters does it analyze? There has to be a real world result of the invention.

In determining whether the claim is for a "practical application," the focus is not on whether the steps taken to achieve a particular result are useful, tangible and concrete, but rather that the <u>final result</u> achieved by the claimed invention is "useful, tangible and concrete." If the claim is directed to a practical application of the § 101 judicial exception producing a result tied to

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the physical world that does not preempt the judicial exception, then the claim meets the statutory requirement of 35 U.S.C. § 101.

Information in regards to the generation of the incoming data and how is manifests itself for the user needs to fulfill a real world application. Is the market analyzing method for birth defects, mining operations or international currency exchange rates?

The invention must be for a practical application and either:

- 1) specify transforming (physical thing) or
- 2) have the FINAL RESULT (not the steps) achieve or produce a useful (specific, substantial, AND credible), concrete (substantially repeatable/ non-unpredictable), AND tangible (real world/ non-abstract) result.

A claim that is so broad that it reads on both statutory and non-statutory subject matter, must be amended, and if the specification discloses a practical application but the claim is broader than the disclosure such that it does not require the practical application, then the claim must be amended.

Claims that are broad enough to encompass a number or tangible fields or topics are not statutory. The result has to be a practical application and not a general method or algorithm that can be applied to numerous applications.

Please see the interim guidelines for examination of patent applications for patent subject matter eligibility published November 22, 2005 in the official gazette.

# Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

3. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States

Claims 1-9 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) (hereinafter referred to as **Wong**) being anticipated by Wong, 'The analysis of the performance of the exchange rate of the Australian dollar using waveform dictionaries'.

#### Claim 1

Wong anticipates performing a wavelet transform on numerical data, obtained by numericizing information acquired by monitoring market trends, to obtain a wavelet spectrum of said numerical data (**Wong**, p195 C1:25-41; 'Market trends' of applicant is equivalent to 'location, frequency and scale' of Wong.); and expressing the data such as to show an amount of information at each rate of change of said numerical data. (**Wong**, p195, C2:1-10; 'Rate of change' of applicant is equivalent to 'foreign exchange rate' of Wong.)

#### Claim 2.

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Wong anticipates performing a multi-resolution analysis of numerical data, obtained by numericizing information acquired by monitoring market trends, using a discrete wavelet transform (**Wong**, p195 C1:25-41; 'Market trends' of applicant is equivalent to 'location, frequency and scale' of Wong.); and expressing the data such as to show an amount of information at each rate of change of said numerical data. (**Wong**, p195, C2:1-10; 'Rate of change' of applicant is equivalent to 'foreign exchange rate' of Wong.)

#### Claim 3.

Wong anticipates performing a multi-resolution analysis of numerical data, obtained by numericizing information acquired by monitoring market trends, using a discrete wavelet transform with a plurality of base functions to obtain multi-resolution analysis results based on each of said plurality of base functions (Wong, p195 C1:25-41; 'Market trends' of applicant is equivalent to 'location, frequency and scale' of Wong. 'Base functions' of applicant is equivalent to 'Dirac Delta' functions of Wong.); determining a correlation factor between the respective multi-resolution analysis results and said numerical data (Wong, p195, C2:15-21; 'Correlation factor' of applicant is equivalent to 'frequency activities' between the Australian dollar and the Japanese yen, British pound and Hong Kong dollar of Wong.); and assessing, based on said correlation factor, rates of reproduction in said numerical data according to the multi-resolution analysis results when using each of said plurality of base functions. (Wong, p195, C2:15-21; Wong illustrates both high and low frequency activities of

approximate of market trends. 'Assessing' of applicant is demonstrated by Wong by the signal nature is 'smooth and regular'.)

### Claims 4, 9.

Wong anticipates a convolution operation is performed using the multiresolution analysis results with high rates of reproduction based on the results of assessment of said rates of reproduction. (Wong, P196, C1:1-22; 'Convolution' operation' of applicant is equivalent to 'extracting information from spikes' of Wong. This eliminates the 'noise' of lower rates or frequencies.)

#### Claim 5.

Wong anticipates data sorting means for forming a data set organized by monitored categories out of numerical data obtained by numericizing information acquired by monitoring market trends (Wong, p195 C1:25-41; 'Market trends' of applicant is equivalent to 'location, frequency and scale' of Wong.); and converting means for performing a wavelet transform on said data set (Wong, p195, C1:25-41; 'Converting means' of applicant is equivalent to 'waveform dictionaries' of Wong.); wherein the wavelet spectrum obtained by said converting means is used to express the data such as to show an amount of information at each rate of change of said numerical data. (Wong, p195, C2:1-10; 'Rate of change' of applicant is equivalent to 'foreign exchange rate' of Wong.)

Claim 6.

Wong anticipates data sorting means for forming a data set organized by monitored categories out of numerical data obtained by numericizing information acquired by monitoring market trends (**Wong**, p195 C1:25-41; Examples of market trends or categories of applicant is equivalent to 'location, frequency and scale' of Wong.); and analyzing means for performing multi-resolution analysis using a discrete wavelet transform on said data set (**Wong**, p195 C1:25-41); wherein the results of the multi-resolution analysis by said analyzing means are used to express the data such as to show an amount of information at each rate of change of said numerical data. (**Wong**, p195, C2:1-10; 'Rate of change' of applicant is equivalent to 'foreign exchange rate' of Wong.)

#### Claim 7.

Wong anticipates computing means for summing the analysis results for a plurality of levels in the multi-resolution analysis results of said analyzing means.

(Wong, abstract, 'Summing the analysis results' of applicant is equivalent to 'displaying the results of Wong.)

#### Claim 8.

Wong anticipates data sorting means for forming a data set organized by monitored categories out of numerical data obtained by numericizing information acquired by monitoring market trends (**Wong**, p195 C1:25-41; Examples of market trends or categories of applicant is equivalent to 'location, frequency and

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scale' of Wong.); analyzing means for performing multi-resolution analysis on said data set using a discrete wavelet transform with a plurality of base functions to obtain multi-resolution analysis results for each of said plurality of base functions (Wong, p195 C1:25-41; 'Market trends' of applicant is equivalent to 'location, frequency and scale' of Wong, 'Base functions' of applicant is equivalent to 'Dirac Delta' functions of Wong.); and correlating means for determining a correlation factor between the respective multi-resolution analysis results obtained by said analyzing means and said data set (Wong, p195, C2:15-21; 'Correlation factor' of applicant is equivalent to 'frequency activities' between the Australian dollar and the Japanese yen, British pound and Hong Kong dollar of Wong.); wherein, based on said correlation factor, rates of reproduction in said data set is assessed according to the multi-resolution analysis results when using each of said plurality of base functions. (Wong, p195, C2:15-21; Wong illustrates both high and low frequency activities of approximate of market trends. 'Assessed' of applicant is demonstrated by Wong by the signal nature is 'smooth and regular'.)

## Conclusion

- 4. The prior art of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to the applicant's disclosure.
  - -U. S. Patent 6151584: Papierniak

-U. S. Patent 5999908: Abelow

-U. S. Patent 5950171: Madell

-U. S. Patent 5878403: DeFrancesco

-U. S. Patent 5819263: Bromley

-U. S. Patent 5454104: Steidlmayer

-U. S. Patent 5038284: Kramer

-U. S. Patent 4323766: Brachthauser

-U. S. Patent 6119026: McNulty

-U. S. Patent Publication 20030088460

-U. S. Patent Publication 20020082900

-U. S. Patent 6898583

-'What is the 'True Price' state space models for high frequency FX data':Moody

-'A hybrid system using multiple cyclic decomposition methods and neural networks techniques for point forecast decision making': Shin

-'Index Fund Trading with Learning Network Advisors': Echauz

-'Optimal Signal Multi-Resolution by Genetic Algorithms to Support

Artificial Neural Network Models for Financial Forecasting': Shin

-'A Neural Network that Explains as Well as Predicts Financial Market

Behavior': Ornes

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5. Claims 1-9 are rejected.

## Correspondence Information

6. Any inquiry concerning this information or related to the subject disclosure should be directed to the Examiner Peter Coughlan, whose telephone number is (571) 272-5990. The Examiner can be reached on Monday through Friday from 7:15 a.m. to 3:45 p.m.

If attempts to reach the Examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the Examiner's supervisor David Vincent can be reached at (571) 272-3687. Any response to this office action should be mailed to:

Commissioner of Patents and Trademarks,

Washington, D. C. 20231;

Hand delivered to:

Receptionist,

Customer Service Window,

Randolph Building,

401 Dulany Street,

Alexandria, Virginia 22313,

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(located on the first floor of the south side of the Randolph Building); or faxed to:

(571) 273-8300 (for formal communications intended for entry.)

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see <a href="http://pair-direct.uspto.gov">http://pair-direct.uspto.gov</a>. Should you have any questions on access to Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll free).

Peter Coughlan

5/31/2006